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1. FRANCE NOW PROPOSES TO OFFER ARMS TO TUNISIA IN RETURN FOR "BROAD" AGREEMENT

25X1A

French Foreign Minister Pineau told the American embassy in Paris on 26 September that France will propose a "broad understanding" to Tunisia under which Paris

would supply the arms Bourguiba desires in return for Tunisian assurances concerning "current matters at issue between the two governments." Pineau did not go into details but did make clear that the French would expect to retain troops at several points in Tunisia.

Pineau said he expected this step to evoke criticism in the National Assembly, but of a less severe nature than if one of France's allies were to offer arms.

Comment

A violent split in the French cabinet resulted from reports that Pineau had accepted the idea of arms shipments by third parties such as Italy, Belgium, or the United States. Paris has since withdrawn the approval it gave Rome on 17 September to supply the Tunisians. Pineau's latest move may be an urgent effort to maintain as much French control as possible over the Tunisian defense establishment.

Bourguiba is unlikely to agree to the desired commitments, particularly on the key issues of Tunisian support for Algerian independence and the continued presence of French military units in Tunisia. He probably looks on recent developments as a break in France's hold over Tunisia. Bourguiba's popularity would be endangered if he were to accept French conditions in order to obtain arms, when Egypt has already offered to provide them.

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3. EGYPTIANS REVEAL CONCERN OVER SOVIET-SYRIAN RELATIONS

Egypt is making an effort to restrain Syria from overcommitments in its deal- ings with the USSR, according to the Egyp tian embassy counselor in Damascus. He told the American embassy on 24 Santa

ierican embassy on 24 September that his government had requested both Syria and the USSR not to undertake programs which Syria could not afford, and he criticized some Syrians, especially Defense Minister Azm, for announcing a "grandiose program beyond their capacity to implement."

The counselor added that the Syrian government still must find funds for buying the home-grown agricultural products to be used in paying the USSR, even though the terms for payment for the Soviet arms had been softened. He stated that Egyptian credit and materials were available for aiding Syria, and that Syria and the USSR had been reminded of the recent Egyptian-Syrian agreement on ecnomic union.

Comment

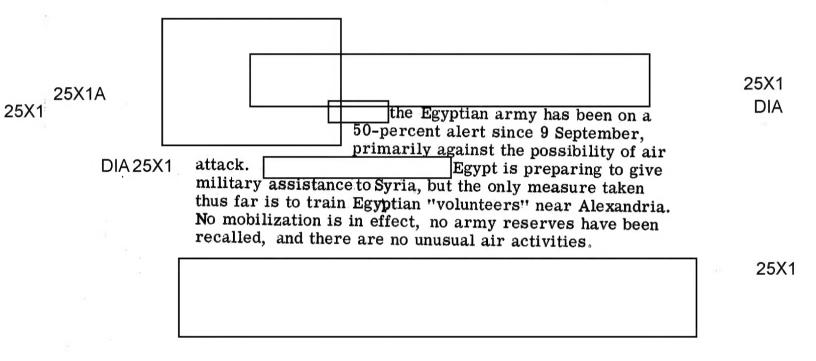
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These statements are the strongest indication yet received of Egyptian concern over Syrian-Soviet relations. They suggest that Egypt's overt approval of these relations will not keep Cairo from working against any agreements tending to involve Syria too deeply with the USSR. Such an attitude on the part of Egypt is in line with the position which President Nasir has taken when discussing the Syrian sit-

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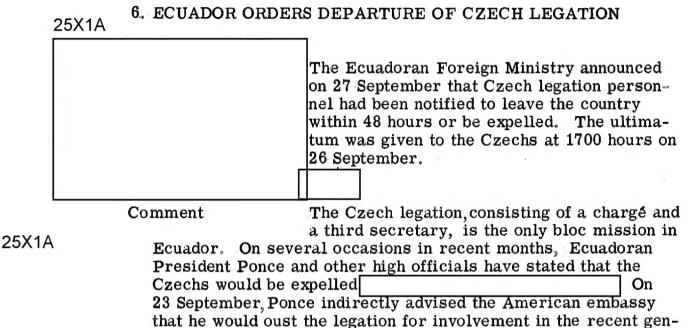
4. EGYPTIAN MILITARY PREPAREDNESS



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eral strike, which reportedly was promoted largely by Communist labor agitators and especially by Pedro Saad, senator for labor and secretary general of the Ecuadoran Communist party (PCE). The action may presage stronger government action against the PCE and Communist influence in the labor movement.

7. USSR MAKES FIRST OVERTURE TO SOMALIA

	25X1A	
in Somalia	Three ranking Soviet embassy officials in Ethiopia are scheduled to make the first formal Soviet visit to the Italian trust territory of Somalia on 2 October. The composition of the delegation suggests they may offer aid and propose the establishment of a Soviet consular mission. The USSR has already indicated its interest by arranging for Egypt to disseminate and broad-	
	anti-Western propaganda.	25X1
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bitions mig	The British Foreign Office recently indi- oncern that Somali fear of Ethiopian expansionist an ght lead the trust territory to seek arms from any so	n-: ource

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